## §762.141

date. Agency approval is required for any other proposed payment plans.

[64 FR 7378, Feb. 12, 1999, as amended at 69 FR 44579, July 27, 2004]

## § 762.141 Reporting requirements.

Lenders are responsible for providing the local Agency credit officer with all of the following information on the loan and the borrower:

- (a) When the guaranteed loan becomes 30 days past due, and following the lender's meeting or attempts to meet with the borrower, all lenders will submit the appropriate Agency form showing guaranteed loan borrower default status. The form will be resubmitted every 60 days until the default is cured either through restructuring or liquidation.
- (b) All lenders will submit the appropriate guaranteed loan status reports as of March 31 and September 30 of each year;
- (c) CLP lenders also must provide the following:
- (1) A written summary of the lender's annual analysis of the borrower's operation. This summary should describe the borrower's progress and prospects for the upcoming operating cycle. This annual analysis may be waived or postponed if the borrower is financially strong. The summary will include a description of the reasons an analysis was not necessary.
- (2) For lines of credit, an annual certification stating that a cash flow projecting at least a feasible plan has been developed, that the borrower is in compliance with the provisions of the line of credit agreement, and that the previous year income and loan funds and security proceeds have been accounted for.
- (d) In addition to the requirements of paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this section, the standard eligible lender also will provide:
- (1) Borrower's balance sheet, and income and expense statement for the previous year.
- (2) For lines of credit, the cash flow for the borrower's operation that projects a feasible plan or better for the upcoming operating cycle. The standard eligible lender must receive approval from the Agency before advancing future years' funds.

- (3) An annual farm visit report or collateral inspection.
- (e) PLP lenders will submit additional reports as required in their lender's agreement.
- (f) A lender receiving a final loss payment must complete and return an annual report on its collection activities for each unsatisfied account for 3 years following payment of the final loss claim.

## § 762.142 Servicing related to collateral.

- (a) *General.* The lender's responsibilities regarding servicing collateral include, but are not limited to, the following:
- (1) Obtain income and insurance assignments when required.
- (2) Ensure the borrower has or obtains marketable title to the collateral.
- (3) Inspect the collateral as often as deemed necessary to properly service the loan.
- (4) Ensure the borrower does not convert loan security.
- (5) Ensure the proceeds from the sale or other disposition of collateral are accounted for and applied in accordance with the lien priorities on which the guarantee is based or used for the purchase of replacement collateral.
- (6) Ensure the loan and the collateral are protected in the event of fore-closure, bankruptcy, receivership, insolvency, condemnation, or other litigation.
- (7) Ensure taxes, assessments, or ground rents against or affecting the collateral are paid.
- (8) Ensure adequate insurance is maintained.
- (9) Ensure that insurance loss payments, condemnation awards, or similar proceeds are applied on debts in accordance with lien priorities on which the guarantee was based, or used to rebuild or acquire needed replacement collateral.
- (b) Partial releases. (1) A lender may release guaranteed loan security without FSA concurrence as follows:
- (i) When the security item is being sold for market value and the proceeds will be applied to the loan in accordance with lien priorities. In the case of term loans, proceeds will be applied as